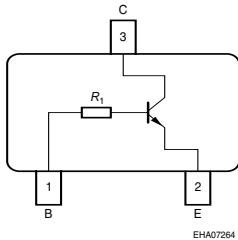
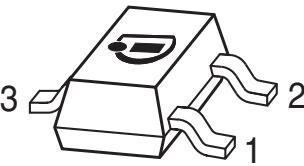


NPN Silicon Digital Transistor

- Switching circuit, inverter circuit, driver circuit
- Built in bias resistor ($R_1 = 4.7 \text{ k}\Omega$)



Type	Marking	Pin Configuration			Package
BCR519	XKs	1=B	2=E	3=C	SOT23

Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CEO}	50	V
Collector-base voltage	V_{CBO}	50	
Input forward voltage	$V_i(\text{fwd})$	30	
Input reverse voltage	$V_i(\text{rev})$	5	
Collector current	I_C	500	mA
Total power dissipation- $T_S \leq 79 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	330	mW
Junction temperature	T_j	150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-65 ... 150	

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Junction - soldering point ¹⁾	R_{thJS}	≤ 215	K/W

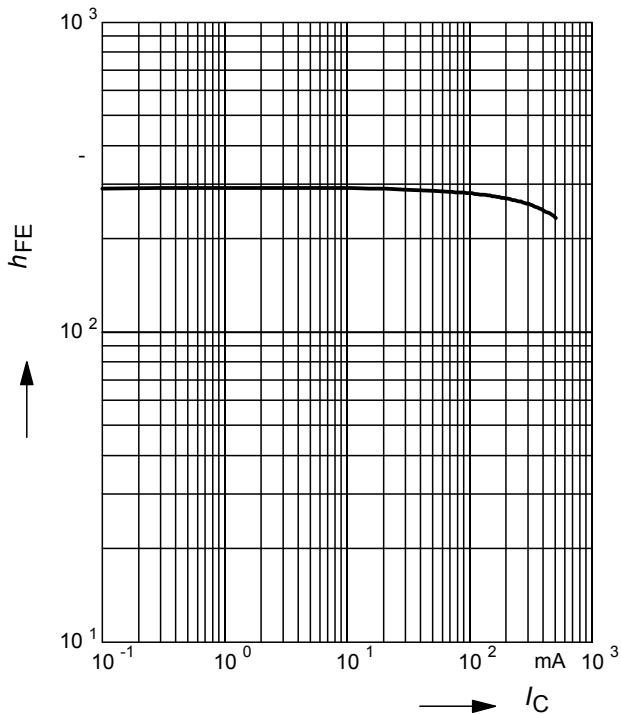
¹For calculation of R_{thJA} please refer to Application Note Thermal Resistance

Electrical Characteristics at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

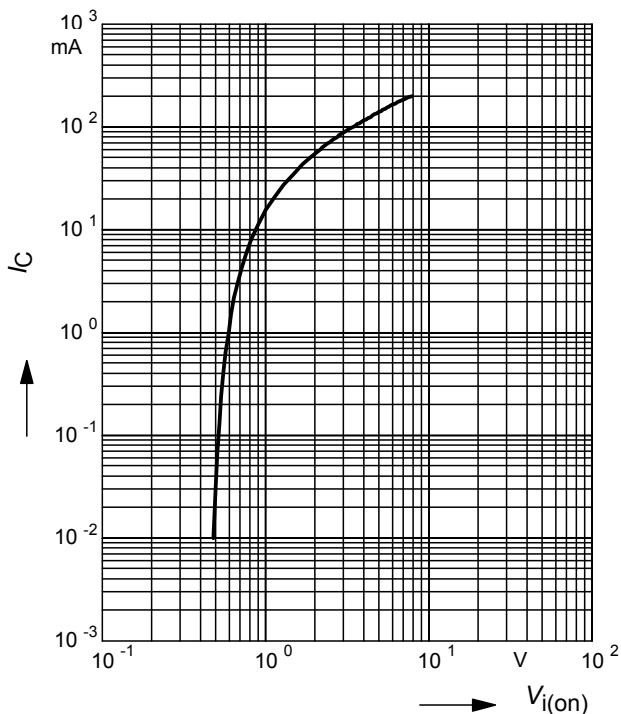
Parameter	Symbol	Values			Unit
		min.	typ.	max.	
DC Characteristics					
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, I_B = 0$	$V_{(\text{BR})\text{CEO}}$	50	-	-	V
Collector-base breakdown voltage $I_C = 10 \mu\text{A}, I_E = 0$	$V_{(\text{BR})\text{CBO}}$	50	-	-	
Collector-base cutoff current $V_{CB} = 50 \text{ V}, I_E = 0$	I_{CBO}	-	-	100	nA
Emitter-base cutoff current $V_{EB} = 5 \text{ V}, I_C = 0$	I_{EBO}	-	-	100	nA
DC current gain- $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	120	-	630	-
Collector-emitter saturation voltage ¹⁾ $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, I_B = 2.5 \text{ mA}$	V_{CEsat}	-	-	0.3	V
Input off voltage $I_C = 100 \mu\text{A}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$	$V_{i(\text{off})}$	0.4	-	0.8	
Input on voltage $I_C = 10 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 0.3 \text{ V}$	$V_{i(\text{on})}$	0.5	-	1.5	
Input resistor	R_1	3.2	4.7	6.2	kΩ
AC Characteristics					
Transition frequency $I_C = 50 \text{ mA}, V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}, f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	f_T	-	100	-	MHz

¹⁾Pulse test: $t < 300\mu\text{s}$; $D < 2\%$

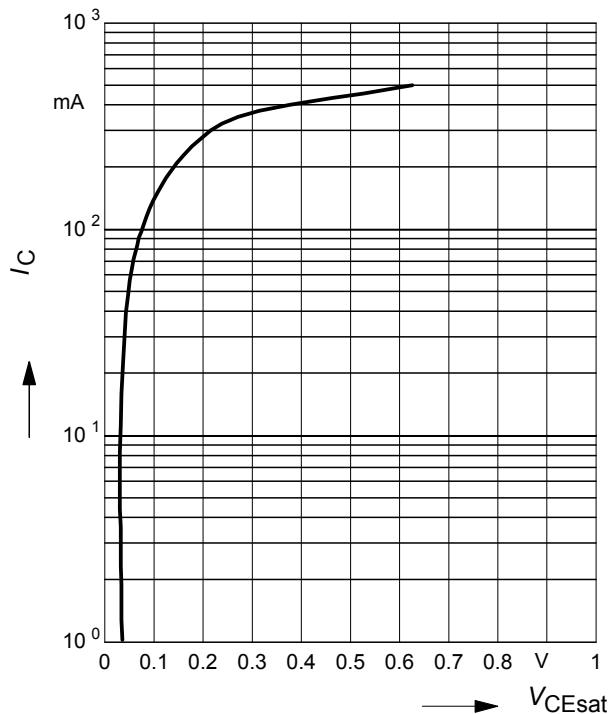
DC current gain $h_{FE} = f(I_C)$
 $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ (common emitter configuration)



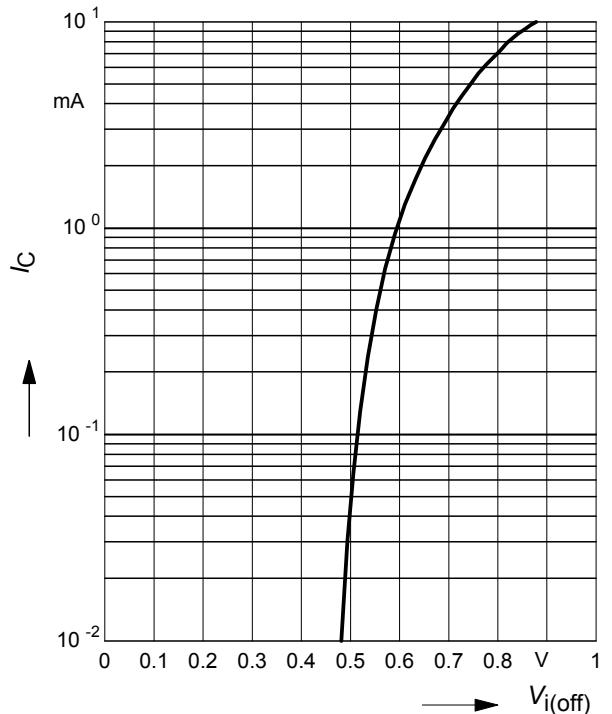
Input on Voltage $V_{i(on)} = f(I_C)$
 $V_{CE} = 0.3 \text{ V}$ (common emitter configuration)



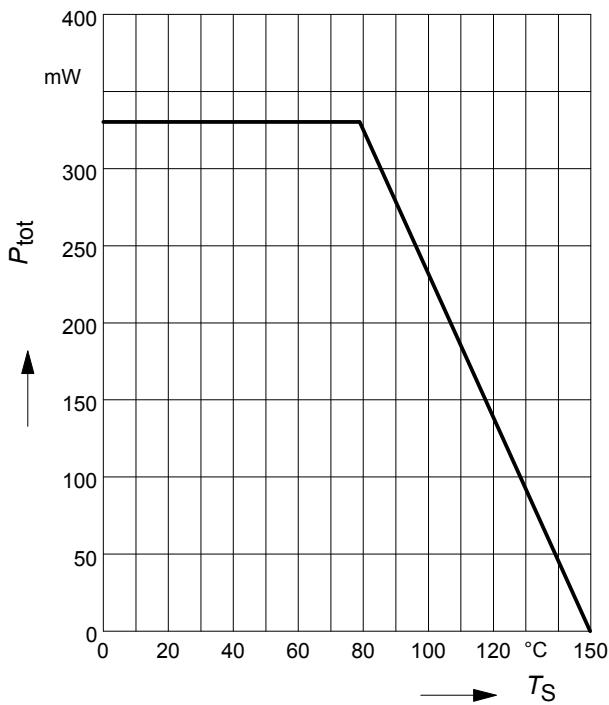
Collector-emitter saturation voltage
 $V_{CEsat} = f(I_C), h_{FE} = 20$



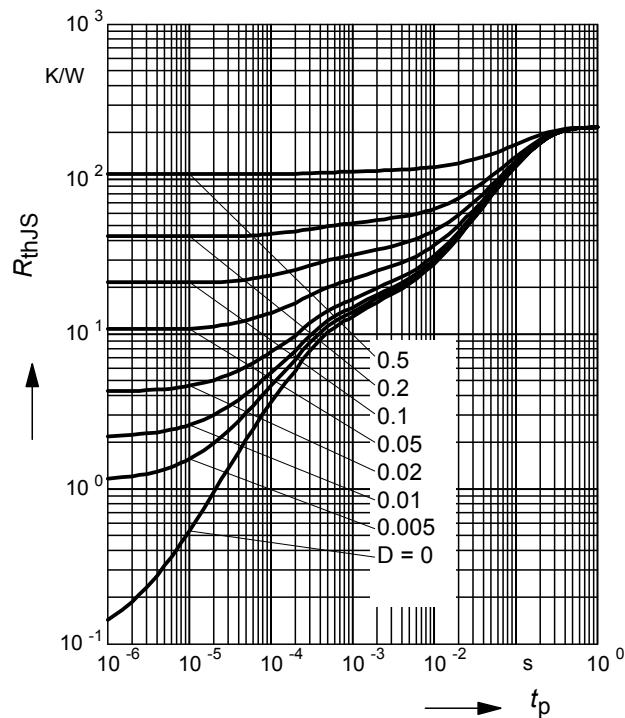
Input off voltage $V_{i(off)} = f(I_C)$
 $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ (common emitter configuration)



Total power dissipation $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_S)$

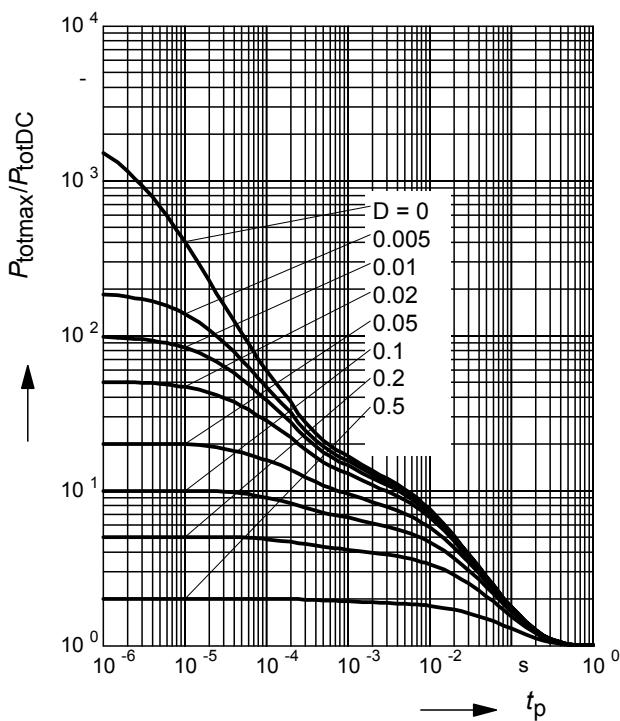


Permissible Pulse Load $R_{\text{thJS}} = f(t_p)$

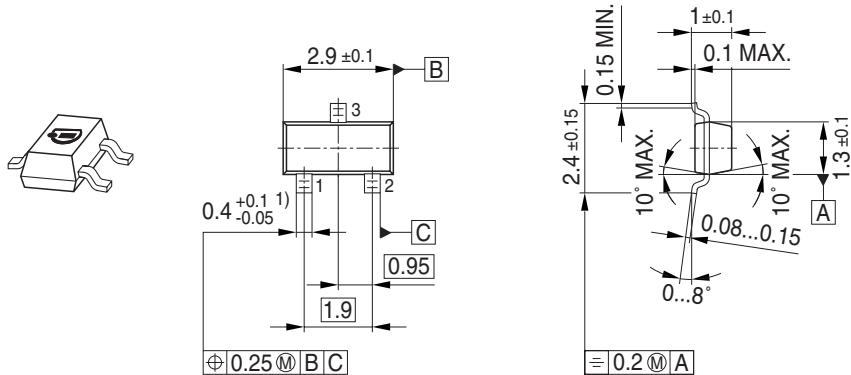


Permissible Pulse Load

$$P_{\text{totmax}}/P_{\text{totDC}} = f(t_p)$$

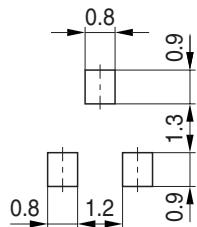


Package Outline

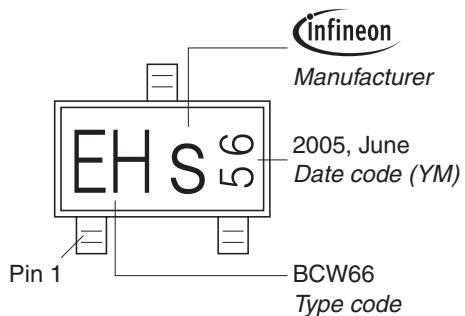


1) Lead width can be 0.6 max. in dambar area

Foot Print

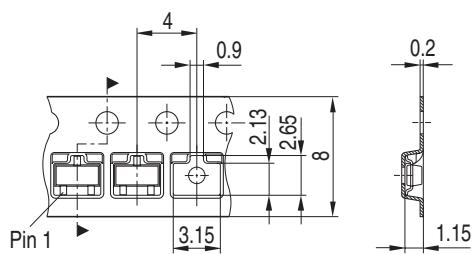


Marking Layout (Example)



Standard Packing

Reel ø180 mm = 3.000 Pieces/Reel
Reel ø330 mm = 10.000 Pieces/Reel



Edition 2006-02-01
Published by
Infineon Technologies AG
81726 München, Germany
© Infineon Technologies AG 2006.
All Rights Reserved.

Attention please!

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics ("Beschaffenheitsgarantie"). With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office (www.infineon.com).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question please contact your nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

Infineon Technologies Components may only be used in life-support devices or systems with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support device or system, or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system.

Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body, or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.